

num frame with an opening at the front to permit entry, and was equipped with a seat and an electrically operated water boiler.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the following statements on the labeling of the article were false and misleading since the device was not effective in the treatment of the diseases, conditions, and symptoms stated and implied: (On leaflet entitled "Healthmaster Steamette") "Healthmaster * * * Circulation Reducing Nervousness Kidneys Liver Have a Cold? Arthritis Rheumatism * * * Complexion Elimination * * * speed in producing * * * circulation"; (on leaflet entitled "Means Easier Profits for You") "Healthmaster * * * Induces stimulation of circulatory system and excretion of waste materials through skin. * * * as a general body conditioning and health aid"; and (on leaflet entitled "Facts About The Healthmaster Steamette") "Healthmaster * * * improving his health through the use of steam * * * For persons who are overweight a steam bath is very beneficial in reducing. Healthful in eliminating toxic poison from your system through the pores. Colds are many times broken more easily after excessive perspiration. Persons who suffer from insomnia are greatly benefited by a steam bath before retiring. Will aid in cases of over-indulgence. If you are tired and nervous a treatment in the cabinet will relax and rest you. Cases of arthritis, rheumatism, or muscular fatigue are many times greatly improved by the relaxing action of a steam bath."

DISPOSITION: June 21, 1950. The case having been removed to the Northern District of California for final disposition and the Healthmaster Steamette Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the devices be released under bond for relabeling, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

DRUG FOR VETERINARY USE

3180. Misbranding of Sulfa-Tome. U. S. v. 1½ Drums * * *. (F. D. C. No. 29320. Sample No. 81105-K.)

LIBEL FILED: May 15, 1950, District of Delaware.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 27, 1950, by C. J. Lurenz, from Salisbury, Md.

PRODUCT: 1½ drums (approximately 150 pounds) of *Sulfa-Tome* at Frankford, Del. Analysis showed that the product contained no sulfathiazole sodium or any other sulfonamide drug.

LABEL, IN PART: "Sulfa-Tome Soluble Veterinary."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the name of the drug and the following label statements were false and misleading: "Sulfa-Tome Soluble * * * (Brand of Sulfathiazole Sodium) * * * For Infectious Coryza In Poultry:—When symptoms of common Colds or Coryza occur in the Flock, add this powder to all the drinking water for 3 to 5 days. When the majority of the birds are free from symptoms use the Powder for one more day. * * * Dosage for Coryza in Poultry * * * Amount of Sulfa-Tome * * * Warning—Dosage to excess with Sodium Sulfathiazole will cause Toxic reactions." The article contained no form of any sulfonamide drug, as the name of the drug and other label reference to sulfathiazole represented and suggested, and the article was not effective in the prevention and treatment of common colds or coryza of poultry.

DISPOSITION: June 6, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.